R First Hawaiian, Inc.
$3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter 2023
Earnings Call

October 27, 2023


## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

First Hawaiian, Inc.

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements reflect our current views with respect to, among other things, future events and our financial performance. These statements are often, but not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as "may", "might", "should", "could", "predict", "potential", "believe", "expect", "continue", "will", "anticipate", "seek", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "projection", "would", "annualized" and "outlook", or the negative version of those words or other comparable words or phrases of a future or forward-looking nature. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, and are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, management's beliefs and certain assumptions made by management, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and beyond our control. Accordingly, we caution you that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, assumptions, estimates and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable as of the date made, there can be no assurance that actual results will not prove to be materially different from the results expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. A number of important factors could cause actual results or performance to differ materially from the forwardlooking statements, including (without limitation) the risks and uncertainties associated with the domestic and global economic environment and capital market conditions and other risk factors. For a discussion of some of these risks and important factors that could affect our future results and financial condition, see our U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filings, including, but not limited to, our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 , and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023.

## Q3 2023 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS¹

|  | Q3 2023 | Q2 2023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Income (\$mm) | \$58.2 | \$62.4 |
| Diluted EPS | \$0.46 | \$0.49 |
| Net Interest Margin | 2.86\% | 2.91\% |
| Efficiency Ratio | 58.3\% | 58.0\% |
| ROA / ROATA ${ }^{2}$ | 0.93\% / 0.97\% | 1.01\% / 1.05\% |
| ROE / ROATCE ${ }^{2}$ | 9.76\% / 16.84\% | 10.68\% / 18.57\% |
| Tier 1 Leverage Ratio CET1 Capital Ratio Total Capital ratio | $\begin{gathered} 8.45 \% \\ 12.21 \% \\ 13.38 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8.30 \% \\ 12.05 \% \\ 13.17 \% \end{gathered}$ |
| Dividend ${ }^{3}$ | \$0.26 / share | \$0.26 / share |

- Net income \$58.2 mm
- Total loans and leases declined $\$ 30.5 \mathrm{~mm}$
- Total deposits increased $\$ 433.3$ mm
- Cost of deposits: $1.40 \%$
- Total cost of funds: $1.49 \%$
- Net interest margin declined 5 bps
- Excellent credit quality. Recorded $\$ 7.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ provision expense
- Well capitalized: 12.21\% CET1 ratio


## - Declared $\$ 0.26$ / share dividend

[^0]
## BALANCE SHEET HIGHLIGHTS

| $\$$ in millions | $9 / 30 / 23$ | $6 / 30 / 23$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |
| Cash and Cash <br> Equivalents ${ }^{1}$ | $\$ 1,213.4$ | $\$ 558.1$ |
| Investment Securities <br> - AFS | $2,722.7$ | $2,909.4$ |
| Investment Securities <br> -HTM | $4,104.1$ | $4,180.4$ |
| Loans and Leases | $14,332.3$ | $14,362.8$ |
| Total Assets | $24,912.5$ | $24,511.6$ |
| Liabilities | $\$ 21,511.5$ | $\$ 21,078.2$ |
| Deposits | 500.0 | - |
| Short-term borrowings | $2,351.0$ | $2,359.7$ |
| Long-term borrowings | - | 500.0 |
| Total Stockholders' <br> Equity |  |  |

## Comments

- Solid balance sheet with strong capital levels
- Cash and cash equivalents elevated at end of quarter in anticipation of public deposit outflows
- Loan/deposit ratio: 67\%
- \$8.3 bn of available liquidity at $9 / 30 / 23$
- Investment portfolio duration remained stable at 5.5 yrs at $9 / 30 / 23$

[^1]| Total Loans and Leases |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (\$ billions) | 13.7 | 1 | 14.4 | $14.3$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Leasing <br> Home Equity | 0.3 | I | 1.1 | 1.2 |
|  | 1.0 | I | 1.2 |  |
| Consumer | 1.2 | , |  | 1.2 |
| C\& | 2.0 | 1 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |
|  | 4.3 | I | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Residential |  | I |  |  |
|  |  | I |  |  |
|  |  | I |  |  |
|  |  | I |  |  |
|  <br> Construction |  | I | 5.2 | 5.3 |
|  | 4.9 | I |  |  |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | I |  |  |
|  |  | 1 |  |  |
|  | Sep-22 |  | Jun-23 | Sep-23 |

Q3 '23 vs Q2 '23 Net Changes
(\$ millions)


## Q3 Highlights

- C\&l balance decline due to declines in dealer flooring, seasonal line payoffs, and loan payoffs
- Construction balances lower due to expected paydowns of completed projects, partially offset by additional draws on ongoing projects
- About $\$ 150$ million of completed construction loans moved to CRE

Note: Segments may not sum to total due to rounding

## GREW TOTAL DEPOSITS \$433 MM, OR 2.1\%




## \$2.8 MM DECREASE IN NET INT INCOME, 5 BP DECREASE IN NIM

## Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin

(\$ millions)


Q2 '23 - Q3 '23 NIM Walk


## Comments

- Decrease in Q3 NIM less than anticipated as deposit cost increase slowed
- Stabilization of deposit balances in Q3 enabled us to pay down higher cost public time deposits

- BOLI income $\$ 1.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ lower than prior quarter due to higher interest rates

- Approximately $\$ 850$ thousand of Q3 expenses related to recent natural disasters in Maui and Guam

- YTD NCO Rate - Annualized YTD NCO/Avg Loans and Leases


## Commercial Criticized Assets

(\$ millions)


NPA and 90+ Days Past Due
(\$ millions)

|  | I | $0.13 \%$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.10 \%$ | I | $0.11 \%$ |  |
|  | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |
| 14.1 | 1 | 16.5 | 18.2 |
| Sep-22 |  | Jun-23 | Sep-23 |

■ NPA \& 90+ Days Past Due
NPA \& 90+ Days Past Due / TLL

- Includes OREO and 90+ days past due is comprised of accruing loans

30-89 Days Past Due
(\$ millions)

| 0.34\% | I | 0.28\% | 0.28\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I |  |  |
|  | I |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |
|  | I |  |  |
|  | I | - | - |
|  | I |  |  |
|  | I |  |  |
|  | I |  |  |
| 46.1 | I | 40.8 | 40.2 |
|  | 1 |  |  |
| Sep-22 |  | Jun-23 | Sep-23 |
| ■ 30-89 Days | Due | -30-8 | Due / TLL |

- 30-89 days past due is comprised of accruing and non-accruing loans


## ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSS

## RESERVE LEVELS CONTINUE TO PROVIDE FOR UNCERTAINTY

- The ACL / Total Loans and Leases increased to 1.08\%.
- The increase in the reserve reflects the possibility of credit losses on Maui related to the wildfires.

Rollforward of the On-Balance Sheet Allowance for Credit Losses

| (\$ in 000's) | C\&I | CRE | Const | Lease | Mortgage | Home Equity | Consumer | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6/30/2023 | 13,810 | 39,887 | 9,871 | 1,447 | 32,803 | 11,806 | 38,957 | 148,581 |
| Charge-offs | -784 | - | - | - | - | - | -3,665 | -4,449 |
| Recoveries | 2,637 | - | - | - | 53 | 303 | 1,746 | 4,739 |
| Provision | -1,963 | 3,911 | 333 | 263 | 4,143 | -682 | -81 | 5,924 |
| 9/30/2023 | 13,700 | 43,798 | 10,204 | 1,710 | 36,999 | 11,427 | 36,957 | 154,795 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \% of Total ACL | 8.9\% | 28.3\% | 6.6\% | 1.1\% | 23.9\% | 7.3\% | 23.9\% | 100.0\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Loan Balance | 2,101,442 | 4,387,751 | 885,112 | 332,515 | 4,303,924 | 1,167,388 | 1,154,203 | 14,332,335 |
| ACL/Total LL | 0.65\% | 1.00\% | 1.15\% | 0.51\% | 0.86\% | 0.98\% | 3.20\% | 1.08\% |

## COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE

(In Millions)

| Property Type | Balances | \% of Balances | Weighted <br> Average LTV | \% Criticized |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Office | 783 | $17.9 \%$ | $59.8 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| Hotel | 400 | $9.1 \%$ | $53.7 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Retail | 777 | $17.7 \%$ | $62.1 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ |
| Multi-family | 920 | $21.0 \%$ | $55.9 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ |
| Industrial | 642 | $14.6 \%$ | $58.4 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ |
| Dealer Related | 448 | $10.2 \%$ | $69.2 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Other | 418 | $9.5 \%$ | $59.5 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 , 3 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $59.5 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 . 2 \%}$ |

The CRE portfolio continues to be well diversified across property types, well-secured with a weighted average LTV of $59.5 \%$ and criticized rate of $2.2 \%$.

- Office exposure in CRE represents approximately $5.5 \%$ of total loans and leases.
- Despite enduring a prolonged period of high vacancy, hotel loans continue to perform well, reflecting the quality of sponsorship and underlying collateral.
- Retail properties are primarily comprised of grocery-anchored and smaller convenience formats.
- The Bank continues to monitor the CRE book, focusing attention on investor real estate, construction/development and office.



## SUMMARY INCOME STATEMENT

| (\$ in millions except per share data) | Quarter ended |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 9/30/23 |  | 6/30/23 |  | 9/30/22 |  |
| Net interest income | \$ | 157.1 | \$ | 159.9 | \$ | 162.7 |
| Provision for credit losses |  | 7.5 |  | 5.0 |  | 3.2 |
| Noninterest income |  | 46.1 |  | 47.3 |  | 45.9 |
| Noninterest expense |  | 119.4 |  | 120.9 |  | 113.3 |
| Pre-tax income |  | 76.4 |  | 81.4 |  | 92.1 |
| Tax expense |  | 18.1 |  | 19.0 |  | 23.1 |
| Net Income | \$ | 58.2 | \$ | 62.4 | \$ | 69.0 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ | 0.46 | \$ | 0.49 | \$ | 0.54 |

## SELECTED BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

As of

| (\$ in millions except per share data) | As of |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 9/30/23 |  | 6/30/23 | 9/30/22 |  |  |
| Selected Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment securities - AFS | \$ 2,722.7 | \$ | \$ 2,909.4 | \$ | 3,289.2 |  |
| Investment securities - HTM | 4,104.1 |  | 4,180.4 |  | 4,406.1 |  |
| Loans and leases | 14,332.3 |  | 14,362.8 |  | 13,700.4 |  |
| Total assets | 24,912.5 |  | 24,511.6 |  | 24,870.3 |  |
| Selected Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total deposits | \$ 21,511.5 | \$ | \$ 21,078.2 | \$ | 22,091.7 |  |
| Short-term borrowings | 500.0 |  | - |  |  |  |
| Long-term borrowings | - |  | 500.0 |  |  |  |
| Total stockholders' equity | 2,351.0 |  | 2,359.7 |  | 2,200.7 |  |
| Shares Outstanding | 127,609,934 |  | 127,608,037 |  | 127,357,680 |  |
| Book value per share | \$ 18.42 | \$ | \$ 18.49 | \$ | 17.28 |  |
| Tangible book value per share ${ }^{(1)}$ | 10.62 |  | 10.69 |  | 9.46 |  |
| Tier 1 Leverage Ratio | 8.45 | \% | 8.30 | \% | 7.78 | \% |
| CET 1 / Tier 1 | 12.21 | \% | 12.05 | \% | 11.79 | \% |
| Total Capital Ratio | 13.38 | \% | 13.17 | \% | 12.92 | \% |

${ }^{(1)}$ Non-GAAP financial measure. A reconciliation to the directly comparable GAAP measure is provided in the appendix of this slide presentation. 14

## MAUI UPDATE

MAUI REAL ESTATE-SECURED LOANS

| \$ million <br> $(\mathbf{9 / 3 0 / 2 3 )}$ | Lahaina | Kula | All Other <br> Areas | Maui Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| CRE | 23.7 | 7.2 | 357.7 | 388.5 |
| Construction | 0.3 | 0.0 | 47.5 | 47.8 |
| Residential | 57.2 | 21.0 | 990.4 | $1,068.6$ |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ position <br> (includes HELOCs <br> behind FHB 1st) | 3.6 | 2.8 | 99.8 | 106.2 |
| Subordinate <br> position | $\mathbf{8 4 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 9 5 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 1 1 . 1}$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |

## MAUI C\&I COMMITMENTS

|  | \$ million (9/30/23) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Maui-based firms |  | 14.8 |

## MAUI CONSUMER LOANS

|  | \$ million (9/30/23) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Direct and Indirect Auto | 68.8 |  |
| Credit Card | 12.8 |  |
| All Other Consumer | 11.2 |  |

## MAUI REAL ESTATE-SECURED LOAN LOCATIONS



## COMMENTS

- Lahaina and Kula were the primary populated areas impacted by wildfires.
- Fire insurance on residential mortgages required and forceplaced if necessary.
- Expect modest expenses attributable to Maui fire recovery and restoration.
- FHB has no loans outstanding to the electric utility.
- Relief program included the waiver of ATM fees, and loan payment deferral and late payment fee waivers.


## COMMERCIAL \& INDUSTRIAL

(In Millions)

| Property Type | Balances | \% of Balances | \% Criticized |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auto Dealers | 611 | $29.1 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Retail | - | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Hospitality/Hotel | 74 | $3.5 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ |
| Food Service | 48 | $2.3 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Transportation | 51 | $2.4 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ |
| Other | 1,317 | $62.7 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 , 1 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 7 \%}$ |

Industries deemed to exhibit higher volatility represent a modest amount of total C\&I exposure and dealer related credits represent about 29\% of total C\&I inclusive of \$465 million in flooring balances.

| Property Type | Balances | \% of Balances | Weighted <br> Average LTV | \% Criticized |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Office | 67 | $7.6 \%$ | $46.8 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Hotel | 50 | $5.7 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Retail | 23 | $2.6 \%$ | $58.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Multi-family | 433 | $48.9 \%$ | $55.7 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Industrial | 84 | $9.5 \%$ | $50.5 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| Dealer Related | 96 | $10.8 \%$ | $83.7 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Other | 132 | $14.9 \%$ | $58.2 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ |
| Total | 885 | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $57.6 \%$ | $\mathbf{0 . 1 \%}$ |

The construction book is largely centered in rental and for-sale housing.

## GAAP TO NON-GAAP RECONCILIATIONS

Return on average tangible assets, return on average tangible stockholders' equity, tangible book value per share and tangible stockholders' equity to tangible assets are non-GAAP financial measures. We compute our return on average tangible assets as the ratio of net income to average tangible assets, which is calculated by subtracting (and thereby effectively excluding) amounts related to the effect of goodwill from our average total assets. We compute our return on average tangible stockholders' equity as the ratio of net income to average tangible stockholders' equity, which is calculated by subtracting (and thereby effectively exc/uding) amounts related to the effect of goodwill from our average total stockholders' equity. We compute our tangible book value per share as the ratio of tangible stockholders' equity to outstanding shares. Tangible stockholders' equity is calculated by subtracting (and thereby effectively excluding) amounts related to the effect of goodwill from our total stockholders' equity. We compute our tangible stockholders' equity to tangible assets as the ratio of tangible stockholders' equity to tangible assets, each of which we calculate by subtracting (and thereby effectively excluding) the value of our goodwill. We believe that these measurements are useful for investors, regulators, management and others to evaluate financial performance and capital adequacy relative to other financial institutions. Although these nonGAAP financial measures are frequently used by stakeholders in the evaluation of a company, they have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results or financial condition as reported under GAAP. Investors should consider our performance and capital adequacy as reported under GAAP and all other relevant information when assessing our performance and capital adequacy.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures with their most directly comparable GAAP measures.

## GAAP TO NON-GAAP RECONCILIATION

| (dollars in thousands) |
| :--- |
| Income Statement Data: |
| Net income |
|  |
| Average total stockholders' equity |
| Less: average goodwill |
| Average tangible stockholders' equity |
| Average total assets |
| Less: average goodwill |
| Average tangible assets |

Return on average total stockholders' equity ${ }^{(1)}$
Return on average tangible stockholders' equity (non-GAAP) ${ }^{(1)}$

Return on average total assets ${ }^{(1)}$
Return on average tangible assets (non-GAAP) ${ }^{(1)}$

| For the Three Months Ended |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { September 30, } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { June 30, } \\ 2023 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { September 30, } \\ 2022 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| \$ | 58,221 | \$ | 62,442 | \$ | 69,018 |
| \$ | 2,367,422 | \$ | 2,344,285 | \$ | 2,267,152 |
|  | 995,492 |  | 995,492 |  | 995,492 |
| \$ | 1,371,930 | \$ | 1,348,793 | \$ | 1,271,660 |
| \$ | 24,727,893 | \$ | 24,821,486 | \$ | 24,957,042 |
|  | 995,492 |  | 995,492 |  | 995,492 |
| \$ | 23,732,401 | \$ | 23,825,994 | \$ | 23,961,550 |


| $\mathbf{9 . 7 6}$ | \% | 10.68 | $\%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{1 6 . 8 4}$ | $\%$ | 18.57 | $\%$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{0 . 9 3}$ | $\%$ | 1.01 | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{0 . 9 7}$ | $\%$ | 1.05 | $\%$ |

$21.53 \%$
1.10 \%
$1.14 \%$

| For the Nine Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| September 30, |  |  |  |
| 2023 |  |  | 2022 |
| \$ | 187,481 | \$ | 186,097 |
| \$ | 2,337,292 | \$ | 2,358,195 |
|  | 995,492 |  | 995,492 |
| \$ | 1,341,800 | \$ | 1,362,703 |
| \$ | 24,699,826 | \$ | 25,095,438 |
|  | 995,492 |  | 995,492 |
| \$ | 23,704,334 | \$ | 24,099,946 |

10.55 \%
18.26 \%
0.99 \%
$1.03 \%$


[^2]
[^0]:    (1) Comparisons to Q2 2023
    (2) ROATA and ROATCE are non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation of average tangible assets and average tangible stockholders' equity to the comparable GAAP measurements is provided in the appendix of this slide presentation.
    (3) Declared on October 18, 2023. Payable December 1, 2023 to shareholders of record at close of business on November 20, 2023.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes Cash and due from banks and Interest-bearing deposits in other banks

[^2]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Annualized for the three and nine months months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, and three months ended June 30, 2023.

